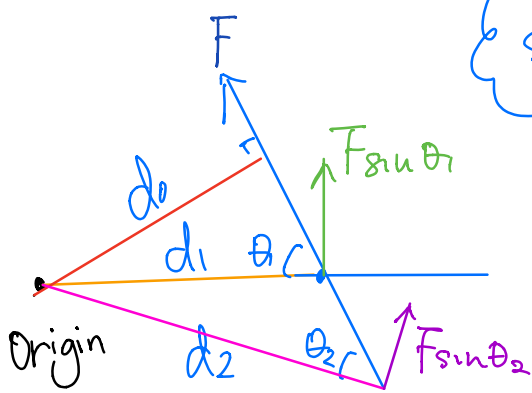
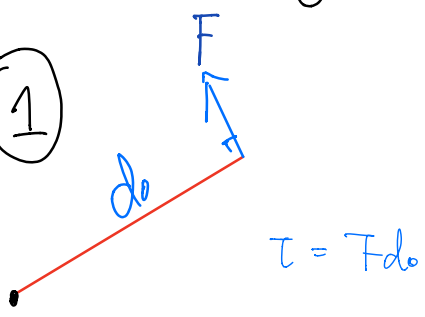


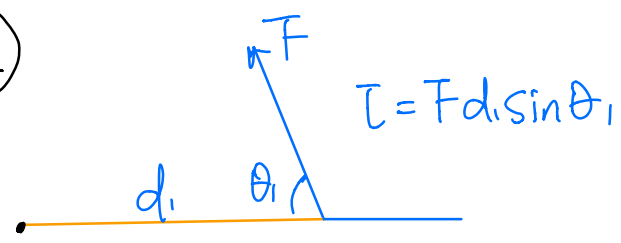
$\sin \theta = \sin(180^\circ - \theta)$



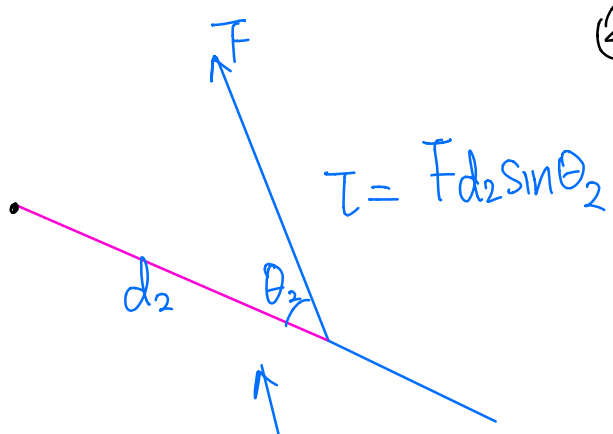
①



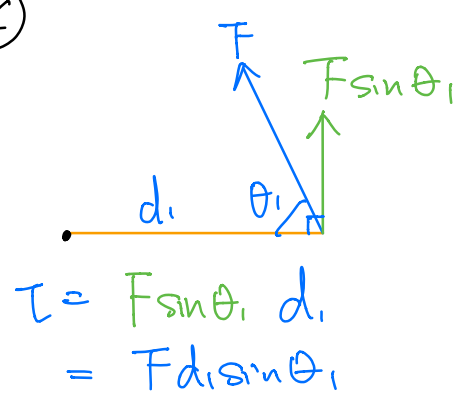
②



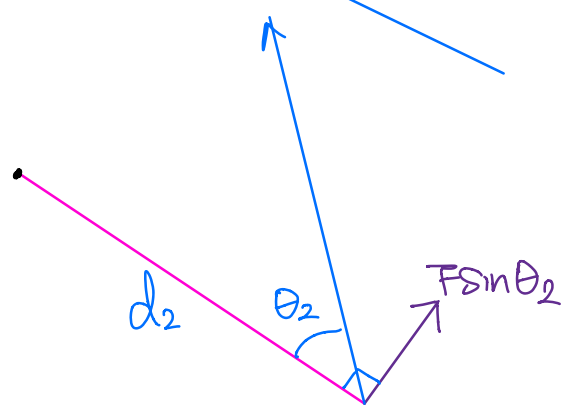
③



④



⑤



$\therefore \tau = Fd_0 = Fd_1 \sin \theta_1 = Fd_2 \sin \theta_2$

20 A car is towed by a truck as shown (Fig r). The weight of the car is 9000 N. The c.g. of the car is marked as G.

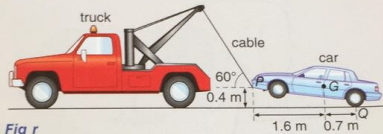
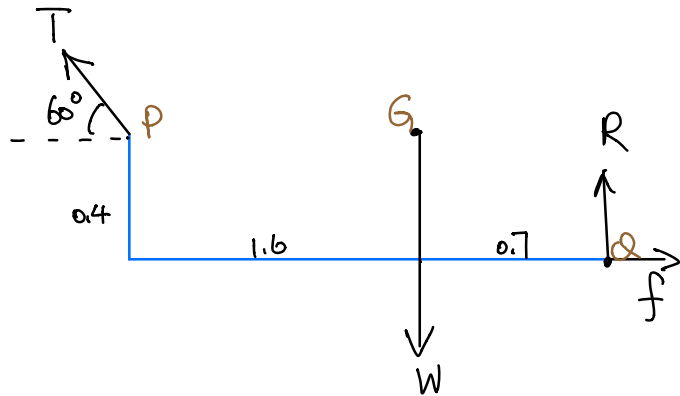
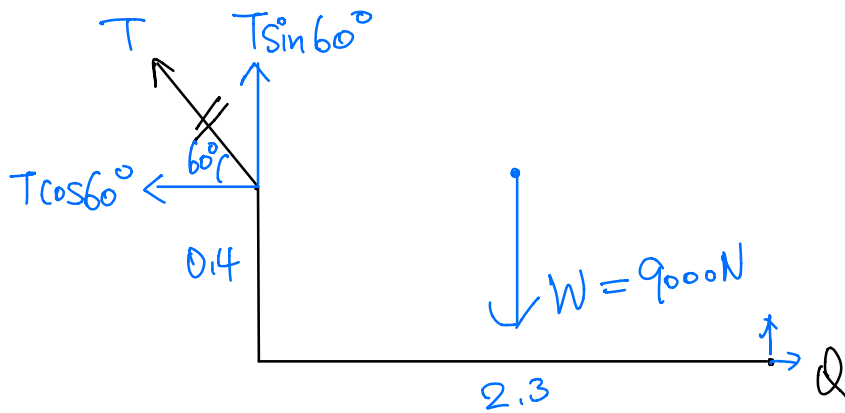


Fig r

- (a) The vehicles stop in front of a traffic light. Find the tension in the cable and the normal reaction acting on the car by the road. (4 marks)
- (b) The vehicles accelerate from rest and then move at a constant velocity along a straight line. Is the car in equilibrium when it is
- accelerating, (1 mark)
 - moving at a constant velocity? (1 mark)



(a) Take moment about Q,

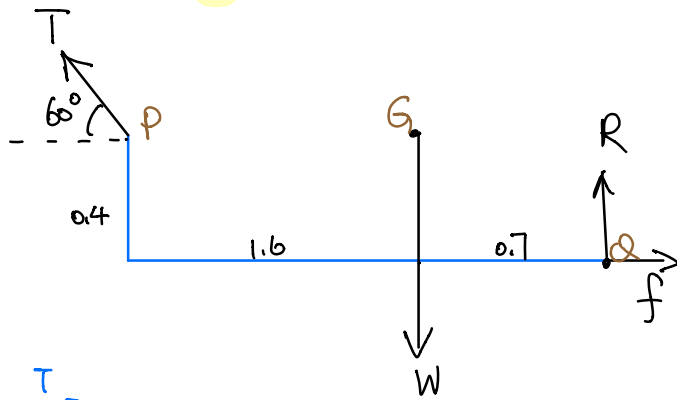


anti clockwise moment = clockwise moment

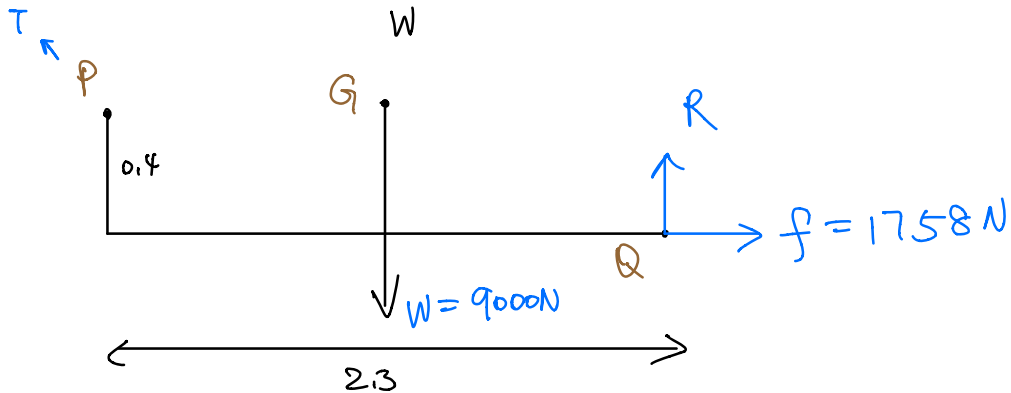
$$(W)(2.3) + (T \cos 60^\circ)(0.4) = (T \sin 60^\circ)(2.3)$$

$$T = 3516 \text{ N}$$

Take moment about P,



$$\begin{aligned} f &= T \cos 60^\circ \\ &= (3516) (\cos 60^\circ) \\ &= 1758 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$



anti clockwise moment = clockwise moment

$$(R)(2.3) + (f)(0.4) = (W)(1.6)$$

$$R(2.3) + (1758)(0.4) = (9000)(1.6)$$

$$R = 5955.1 \text{ N}$$